The program meets of	or exceeds an 80% pass rate on state licensure exams:
jn Yes	
j₁ No	
jn Not applicable	
jn Not able to determ	nine
Comment:	
1	trong for these candidates. The institution has been studying the results carefully a changes to better prepare the students for the tests.
Summary of Stre	ngths:
education students' prothat the mathematics eclarifications from the	prked very hard in the revised report to attend specifically to the mathematics eparation both in new, extensive rubrics, new instructional tasks, and the assurance education faculty are providing the instructional feedback and the supervision. The exprevious report show further evidence of the faculty's commitment to andards-based program.
PART B - STATUS (OF MEETING SPA STANDARDS
Standard 1. Know process of mathematic	vledge of Problem Solving. Candidates know, understand and apply the ical problem solving.
Indicators:	
1.1 Apply and adapt	a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems.
Met	Not Met
jn	j m
1.2 Solve problem	s that arise in mathematics and those involving mathematics in other contexts
Met	Not Met
j m	j n
1.3 Build new mat	thematical knowledge through problem solving.
Met	Not Met
j m	jn
1.4 Monitor and r	reflect on the process of mathematical problem solving.
Met	Not Met
j m	jn
8.251 rg 0 0 Td (l)) Tj 1 1 1 rg 0 0 Td (k) Tj 0.502 0.502 0.502 rg 0 0 Td (j) Tj 0 0 0 rg /F18 1 Tf 12 0 0 12

Indicators:		
2.1 Recognize reaso	ning and proof as fundamer	itals aspects of mathematics.
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j n	
2.2 Make and in	vestigate mathematical conj	ectures
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j n	
2.3 Develop and	evaluate mathematical argu	ments and proofs.
Met	Not Met	
j'n	j n	
2.4 Select and us	se various types of reasoning	g and methods of proof.
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j n	
Standard 2 com	ments:	
Mathematics course	descriptions further confirm t	he richness of the coursework.
	owledge of Mathematical Co ing orally and in writing to	mmunication. Candidates communicate their peers, faculty and others.
Indicators:		
3.1 Communicate th	neir mathematical thinking o	coherently and clearly to peers, faculty, and others
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j n	
3.2 Use the langu	uage of mathematics to expr	ess ideas precisely.
Met	Not Met	
j'n	j n	
3.3 Organize ma	nthematical thinking through	n communication
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j m	
3.4 Analyze and	evaluate the mathematical t	thinking and strategies of others.
Met	Not Met	

mathematical arguments and develop an appreciation for mathematical rigor and inquiry.

jn jn

Met	Not Met
j n	j m
Standard 5 comments:	

Standard 6. Knowledge of Technology. Candidates embrace technology as an essential tool for teaching and learning mathematics.

Indicators:

6.1 Use knowledge of mathematics to select and use appropriate technological tools, such as but not limited to, spreadsheets, dynamic graphing tools, computer algebra systems, dynamic statistical packages, graphing calculators, data-collection devices, and presentation software.

i Standard 6 comments:k

7.6 Use of various teaching t	ools including technology
Met	Not Met
j ∩	j m
Standard 7 comments:	
	evaluates and supervises these assessments now demonstrates how the ecific to teaching mathematics is occurring.
	State 1 In the matrice of the pedagogical knowledge specific to mathematics teaching
Indicators:	
	uitability of the wide variety of available mathematics curricula and nts, including those with special needs such as the gifted, challenged s.
Met	Not Met
j ∩	j m
8.2 Select and use appropria	te concrete materials for learning mathematics.
Met	Not Met
j n	j⊓ teaching materials for all studengls Met

jn

jm

8.7 Use knowled	ge of different types of instructional strategie	s in planning mathematics lessons.
Met	Not Met	
j m	j m	
	the ability to lead classes in mathematical pr understanding, and help students develop ar	
Met	Not Met	
j m	j m	
	ons that use technology's potential for buildin ping important mathematical ideas.	g understanding of mathematical
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j m	
Standard 8 com	ments:	
	s in Assessment 6 and implementation of the sec of attention to every indicator of this standard.	cond part of assessment 4 provide
Indicators: 9.1 Analyze and exp	lain the mathematics that underlies the prced	dures used for operations invloving
• -	eal and complex numbers.	rates asea for operations invioling
Met	Not Met	
j n	j n	
9.2 Use properties estimation.	es involving number and operations, mental o	computation, and computational
Met	Not Met	
j m	j m	
9.3 Provide equi	valent representations of fractions, decimals,	and percents.
Met	Not Met	
j n	j n	
9.4 Create, solve	, and apply proportions.	
Met	Not Met	
j n	j n	
9.5 Apply the fu	ndamental ideas of number theory.	
Met	Not Met	

Ju) iii	
9.6 Makes sense	of large and small number a	nd number systems.
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j m	
9.7 Compare an	d contrast properties of num	bers and number systems.
Met	Not Met	
j n	jn	
9.8 Represent, u	se and apply complex number	ers
Met	Not Met	
jn	j n	
9.9 Recognize m number system.	atrices and vectors as system	as that have some of the properties of the real
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	n j n	
	te knowledge of the historicalions from diverse cultures.	l development of number and number systems
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j n	
Standard 9 com	ments:	
	ptions reflect upon content pre- bove are also assessed.	sented, the emphases of these courses would suggest
relationships among		ctives on Algebra. Candidates emphasize ons, ways of representing mathematical
Indicators:		
10.1 Analyze patter	ns, relations, and functions o	f one and two variables.
Met	Not Met	
j ∩	j m	
10.2 Apply fund	amental ideas of linear algeb	ra.
Met	Not Met	
j m	j n	

analyze algebraic structures.	
Met	Not Met
j m	jn
10.4 Use mathematical mode	els to represent and understand quantitative relationships.
Met	Not Met
j n	j m
10.5 Use technological tools solving problems.	to explore algebraic ideas and representations of information and in
Met	Not Met
j n	j m
10.6 Demonstrate knowledge from diverse cultures.	e of the historical development of algebra including contributions
Met	Not Met
jn	j n
Standard 10 comments:	
Further detail in the course descri	ptions now indicate that all indicators in this standard are met.
	Geometries. Candidates use spatial visualization and geometric e geometric shapes, structures, and their properties.
Indicators:	
	core concepts and principles of Euclidean and non-Euclidean ensions from both formal and informal perspectives.
Met	Not Met
j m	j m
11.2 Exhibit knowledge of th	e role of axiomatic systems and proof in geometry.
Met	Not Met
j m	j m
11.3 Analyze characteristics	and relationships of geometric shapes and structures.

11.5 Specify location other representational	ons and describe spatial relationships using coordinate geometry, vectors and systems.	
Met	Not Met	
j m	j n	
11.6 Apply transfo mathematical situation	rmation and use symmetry, similarity, and congruence to analyze ns.	
Met	Not Met	
j n	jn	
	nodels, drawings, and dynamic geometric software to explore geometric ideas in real-world contexts.	
Met	Not Met	
j m	jn	
geometries including o	knowledge of the historical development of Euclidean and non-Euclidean contributions from diverse cultures.	
Met	Not Met	
j n	j n	
Standard 11 comm	nents:	
	wledge of Calculus. Candidates demonstrate a conceptual understanding of rentiation, and integration and a thorough background in techniques and s.	
Indicators:		
12.1 Demonstrate a co concepts.	nceptual understanding of and procedural facility with basic calculus	
Met	Not Met	
j n	j n	
12.2 Apply concept calculus.	ts of function, geometry, and trionometry in solving problems involving	
Met	Not Met	
j n	jn	
12.3 Use the conceptaken from real-world	pts of calculus and mathematical modleing to represent and solve problems context.	
Met	Not Met	
j n	jn	

12.4 Use techno	gical tools to explore and represent fundamental concepts of calculus.	
Met	Not Met	
j n	j m	
12.5 Demonstra from diverse cultu	knowledge of the historical development of calculus including contribution.	ons
Met	Not Met	
j n	j m	
Standard 12 co	nents:	

probability.	
Met	Not Met
j ∩	j n
	s such as random sampling or random assignment of treatments to ics, test conjectured relationships among variables, and analyze
Met	Not Met
j n	j n
14.3 Use appropriate statistic spread and center.	cal methods and technological tools to describe shape and analyze
Met	Not Met
j m	j m

14.1 Design investigations, collect data, and use a variety of ways to display the data and interpret data representations that may include bivariate data, conditional probability and geometric

Indicators:		
15.1 Recognize the for measuring.	common representations an	d uses of measurement and choose tools and units
Met	Not Met	
j m	j m	
15.2 Apply apprapplication in a var		nd formulas to determine measurements and their
Met	Not Met	
j m	j m	
15.3 Complete e measures.	rror analysis through deter	mining the reliability of the numbers obtained from
Met	Not Met	
j m	j'n	
	te knowledge of the historic ontributions from diverse c	al development of measurement and measurement ultures.
Met	Not Met	
j m	j'n	
Standard 15 cor	nments:	
See Standard 13.		
Standard 16. Fice mathematics classro	-	didates complete field-based experiences in
Indicators:		
observing and parti		ities prior to student teaching that includes secondary mathematics classrooms under the teachers.
Met	Not Met	
j m	j'n	
	cher and a university or col	n secondary mathematics that is supervised by a lege supervisor with secondary mathematics

Not Met

jn

Met jn **j**n jn

Standard 16 comments:

The report's clarifications and further detail for Assessments 3-6 provide much stronger evidence for this standard, particularly since mathematics educators supervise, provide feedback, and show evidence of how they have used these standards to change assignments and strengthen programs.

PART C - EVALUATION OF PROGRAM REPORT EVIDENCE

C.1. Candidates' knowledge of content

Candidates' evidence from test scores, coursework, and assessments in field experience show their ability to demonstrate mathematical knowledge. The program's course sequence has been changed and strengthened based upon analysis of data.

C.2. Candidates' ability to understand and apply pedagogical and professional content knowledge, skills, and dispositions

Carefully structured, meaningful assessments in the mathematics methods course and in the student teaching experience provide ample evidence that candidates are expected to be knowledgeable of the standards and use them. Feedback is provided from professors and supervisors who are mathematics educators.

C.3. Candidate effects on P-12 student learning

The TeacherWork Sample as well as the student teaching assessment provide indication of specific analysis of student learning. The faculty are collecting and using ure collec.28 153.28 4Td(ed6 37lty ar1Ea9ting and

PART G - DECISIONS

Please select final decision:

Program is nationally recognized. The program is recognized through the semester and year of the institution's next NCATE accreditation decision in 5-7 years. To retain recognition, another program report must be submitted before that review. The program will be listed as nationally recognized through the semester of the next NCATE accreditation decision on websites and/or other publications of the SPA and NCATE. The institution may designate its program as nationally recognized by NCATE, through the semester of the next NCATE accreditation decision, in its published materials. National recognition is dependent upon NCATE accreditation.

Please click "Next"

This is the end of the report. Please click "Next" to proceed.